

## Home? Not yet

*Whether they rebuild or move, fire victims' ordeal lingers long after the smoke clears.*

[HOME EDITION]

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### Document Text

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FOR some Southern Californians, the notion of being home for the holidays is a particularly poignant wish -- the same one they ashes from the disastrous wildfires that swept from San Bernardino to San Diego counties two years ago have long turned cold trying to put their lives back together.

Those who lose homes face a tough choice: Rebuild and manage a daunting construction project while making do in temporary start anew?

Critical to their decisions are the size of insurance settlements, the availability of other assets, help from family and community

"You have to decide what your tolerance is for pain," said Lila Hayes, a San Diego computer consultant and volunteer support- of the 2003 Old fire, which destroyed 550 homes, including her mother's house on the outskirts of San Bernardino.

Hayes knows some owners who have yet to break ground because they're still sparring with their insurance companies. "This is

Four Southern California homeowners who lost their homes in the last three years -- two in the '03 wildfires and two to other fire as complex and stressful. Here are their stories:

After the Old fire destroyed her home of 38 years, Charlotte Crandall visited the site almost every day.

"I would go there and just park in the driveway," she said. "Visit the ashes. I took the day off while they excavated. They loaded the dump."

Aided by Hayes, her daughter and other family members, the 58- year-old instructional assistant was determined to rebuild.

The house had been the first and only home she had owned. It was a three-bedroom, one-bath, 1,000-square-foot residence in where she and her former husband had reared their daughter and three sons.

Shortly before the fire, her insurance company estimated the cost to replace her home at \$108,000. After speaking to an indepe Crandall learned that it would cost double that amount to rebuild. She hired an attorney, sued her insurer and recovered the \$2. reconstruction.

During the process, she lived first with one son in nearby Highland, then in a trailer on her burned-out lot and, when constructio parents' rural Highland property.

Crandall continues to pay her \$350 monthly mortgage and holds fast to a vision of a new and improved home, slightly larger, w heat and solar water heating. She plans to have her parents move in with her once the home is completed in March, 29 months

"This was my property," Crandall said. "I can't afford to move anywhere else. And there's nowhere else I'd rather be."

When an arsonist torched the Tuthills' home in Julian, in the mountains northeast of San Diego, in 2002, Chris Tuthill recalls thz Bruce, were forced to reassess their future and answer an unexpected question: "What do you want to do with the rest of your l

The couple, who are in their 50s, had envisioned spending their retirement on their 4-acre spread.

After the fire, however, they found their insurance coverage was insufficient. Rebuilding would mean taking on additional debt a neared retirement, rather than slowing down.

So the couple borrowed from their savings, built a bigger home, then sold it for more than \$500,000 to recoup what they could. reaching a settlement they declined to discuss for legal reasons.

They then decided, regretfully, to relocate to a less expensive part of the country. In April, with the equity they recovered from tl purchased a three-bedroom, two-bath home on 4 acres in Mountain Home, Ark., for \$120,000 and replenished their savings.

A former firefighter eventually pleaded guilty to two counts of arson that destroyed two houses and damaged the Tuthills' home

Tuthill, a financial advisor, wound up her work this month as a bookkeeper for the Julian-based San Diego Firestorm Communiti assists county victims of the 2003 wildfires. She recently joined her husband, an actor, in Arkansas.

"Six hundred of our friends and neighbors lost their homes in the fires," she said. "What could we do other than help?"

They're still rebuilding

Rebuilding her Rolling Hills Estates home might be a smart financial move, but Ann Nomicos wonders if it's worth the price. The supervising the construction, much like a daily job.

On Mother's Day 2003, Nomicos and family members were sent running from their dinner by an electrical fire that started in the the 2,500-square-foot house.

Thirty months later, the couple are still rebuilding. They live in the small guesthouse of a friend, seven miles from their lot. Nomi retired surgeon, suffered smoke inhalation during the fire and has been unwell since.

At first, they assumed the wisest course was to rebuild, even though they were underinsured, she said. Had they chosen not to have paid them \$100,000 less. So the couple invested \$300,000 of their savings to improve the home's resale value, adding a master bath, an enlarged walk-in closet and a three-car garage. They believe the additions will bring the home up from its \$1-m

Even with the potential increase to their net worth, Nomicos said that if she had it to do over again, she would not rebuild.

"I would probably buy a smaller house that's all ready to go so we would be freer to do what we wanted to do," she said. "Every better. We had no idea."

Battled to prove losses

Amelia Hermann credits the advice and moral support from the Old Fire Recovery Group with helping her family find a happy e 4,000-square-foot home in the 2003 San Bernardino County wildfire.

Following the advice of experts aiding the group, Hermann and her husband, Jim, focused on getting their insurer to pay them f considered whether to rebuild.

They spent hours listing every item of personal property they could think of on 60 pages.

"They make it so complicated and arduous that you'll just give up," Amelia Hermann said. In the end, however, "it really paid off

They also hired an independent contractor to help prove the extent of their losses, sifting through the debris with them to confirm materials.

While they tussled with their insurer, the Hermanns lived in a 1,300-square-foot rental property they own.

Then Jim Hermann, who'd long dreamed of a rural home, found a 3,100-square-foot house for sale on 2 acres in Yucaipa.

With the proceeds from the sale of their lot (worth as much as they paid for the house and land 18 years earlier) and the insura declined to reveal for legal reasons, they purchased the home with cash.

The couple are thrilled with their new home, still large enough to accommodate them and the two of their five children who live :  
They continue to hear construction horror stories from former neighbors who are still rebuilding. And they count their blessings.  
If they had chosen to rebuild? "We'd still be a year away from being in a house," Amelia Hermann said.

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#### BEGIN TEXT OF INFOBOX

After a fire: Get help, but don't rush recovery

Tips for those who have lost homes:

\* Join a community group or go online to find help at [www.oldfirerecoverygroup.org](http://www.oldfirerecoverygroup.org), created by Lila Hayes for the 2003 San Be victims. The site has information and links to insurance, building and government experts. And she offers steps to recovery in th mother's home rebuilding at [www.momshouse.homestead.com](http://www.momshouse.homestead.com).

\* Become educated about the insurance claim process. The amount your company offers you can be negotiated. Consumer ad contractor George Kehrer, who lost his home in the Oakland Hills fire, helps consumers get insurers to foot the cost to rebuild. I nonprofit group Community Assisting Recovery Inc., [www.carehelp.org](http://www.carehelp.org), which is currently providing free assistance to hurrican Department of Insurance has a consumer hot line at (800) 927-4357. The department's website, at [www.insurance.ca.gov](http://www.insurance.ca.gov), has guide called "Don't Get Burned After a Disaster."

\* Do not settle quickly with your insurance company, no matter how stressed or overwhelmed you might feel. Those who accep taking time to prove the extent of their losses usually receive less than those who wait and work at demonstrating their losses, :

\* Even if you plan to relocate, focus on recovering what your insurer owes you for the loss. That includes the painstaking task o remember from your home.

\* Consider hiring a private, independent contractor to help prove the "scope of loss," by verifying the quality and type of building home. These contractors charge a flat fee for service, rather than a percentage of your settlement, that can range from \$2,000 size of the home.

\* Don't be in a rush to have the rubble removed. Experts can sift through it for evidence to bolster your case for higher-quality re

\* Be willing to accept donations and help from friends and community members. The process could be longer and more costly t

#### **[Illustration]**

Caption: PHOTO: STAYING PUT: Charlotte Crandall, whose San Bernardino home was destroyed in the wildfires of 2003, is re she lived for 38 years.; PHOTOGRAPHER: Beatrice de Gea Los Angeles Times; PHOTO: A NEW START: Amelia and Jim Hei but moved instead, to Yucaipa.; PHOTOGRAPHER: Ringo H.W. Chiu For The Times

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